Transmitter Number	Туре	Battery	Dimensions LxWxH (cm)	Mounted Weight (grams)	Pulse Width (ms)	Pulse Rate (ppm)	Peak Current (ma)	Antenna Length 218 MHz* (cm)	Power Output (dBm)	Battery Life (days)
LPI-31100	3 Stage	3.6 v 13.5 ah Li	6.6x3.5x3.6	102-110	25	50	15	tuned loop	-18 to -26	1541
LPI-3140	3 Stage	3.6 v 5.2 ah Li	5.4x2.6x2.7	60-70	25	50	11	tuned loop	-20 to -28	812
LPI-3124	3 Stage	3.6 v 2.6 ah Li	4.4x3.8x1.8	36-42	25	50	11	tuned loop	-20 to -28	380
LPI-3150	3 Stage	3.6 v 1.3 ah Li	4.4x1.8x1.9	28-33	25	40	11	tuned loop	-28 to -36	235
LPI-3800	3 Stage	3.6 v 850 mah Li	3.4x1.8x1.9	11-20	20	30	10	tuned loop	-28 to -36	268
LPI-3370	3 Stage	3.6 v 370 mah Li	2.4x2.4x1.2	15-21	20	30	8	tuned loop	-30 to -38	140
LPI-3700	3 Stage	3 v 750 mah Li	3.5x2x.9	9.5-14	20	30	7	tuned loop	-36 to -46	330
LPI-3350	3 Stage	3.6 v 350 mah Li	2.3x2x.9	7-9	20	30	7	tuned loop	-36 to -46	152
LPI-2320	Multivibrator 2 Stage	3.0 v 160 mah Li	4.1x1.4x1.4	14-18	19	35	4	tuned loop	-15 to -20	102
SOPI-2380	Multivibrator 2 Stage	1.5 v 350 mah silver oxide	3.7x1.8x1.7	7-14	20	45	2.5	tuned loop	-45 to -46	309
SOPI-2190	Multivibrator 2 Stage	1.5 v 175 mah silver oxide	2.6x1.3x.7	4-6	20	35	2	tuned loop	-48 to -58	237
SOPI-2070	Multivibrator 2 Stage	1.5 v 70 mah silver oxide	2.2x.8x.6	2-3	20	30	1.5	tuned loop	-50 to -60	139
SOPI-2038	Multivibrator 2 Stage	1.5 v 43 mah silver oxide	2.2x.8x.6	1.8-2.2	20	30	1.5	tuned loop	-50 to -60	86
SOPI-2028	Multivibrator 2 Stage	1.5 v 28 mah silver oxide	2.2x.8x.6	1.5-1.7	20	30	1.5	tuned loop	-50 to -60	56
SOPI-2018	Multivibrator 2 Stage	1.5 v 19 mah silver oxide	2.1x.8x.6	1.4-1.6	20	30	1.5	tuned loop	-53 to -63	37
SOPI-2012	Multivibrator 2 Stage	1.5 v 11.5 mah silver oxide	2.0x.8x.6	1.3-1.5	20	30	1.5	tuned loop	-55 to -65	23
SOPI-2011	Multivibrator 2 Stage	1.5 v 11.5 mah silver oxide	1.8x.8x.6	1.2-1.4	20	30	1.5	tuned loop	-60 to -70	23

^{*}Available also with a small-diameter flexible stainless steel whip antenna for better range



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^{**}Call for information on Mortality option.

INFORMATION ABOUT TRANSMITTERS

WM

The transmitters shown in this table are meant only as examples of typical applications for multivibrator two stage circuitry. The table in no way exhausts the many combinations of transmitter type, weight, peak current, pulse width, pulse rate, battery, and mountings available. Wildlife Materials will custombuild according to the researcher's specifications.

The efficient multivibrator-pulsed circuits used in Wildlife Materials' transmitters offer a clear, chirp-free signal that is easy to tune and hear in receiver noise. Multivibrator-pulsed transmitters permit greater flexibility in customizing for optimum output and duty cycle. Because pulse rate and pulse width remain virtually constant throughout the life of the battery, transmitter performance is more predictable than that of older designs.

Surface mounting techniques enhance miniaturization by allowing more chip components to be placed on a smaller, flatter circuit board. The low-profile, rugged components also greatly improve reliability in punishing environments.

To minimize weight and provide packaging strength, transmitters are waterproofed with a tough epoxy resin conformal coating. The epoxy is a neutral substance which will not harm the animal after implanting.

Implantable transmitters are effective for any species with a body shape that precludes a collar or backpack, such as an otter, snake, or fish. When implanting a radio device in the species' peritoneum, researchers should take precautions to prevent infection.

These transmitters use a tuned loop antenna, which is coiled around the transmitter. However, a small-diameter flexible whip antenna may be used. This enhances the signal range and is not injurious to the animal if implanted correctly. Especially in snakes, the antenna is implanted between skin and muscle. Many researchers use a technique described in **Copea** (1982 (3): pp. 702-705) for inserting the antenna under the skin.

Exact output of the listed transmitters may vary, depending on the transmitter's antenna length and the frequency range used. Available crystal frequencies include, but are not limited to, 40-50 MHz, 148-155 MHz, 160-165 MHz, and 216-222 MHz.

Signal strength will be influenced by the conductivity of the water and depth of transmitter below the surface. The higher the conductivity of the water, the sharper the drop in signal range with depth.

Clients should contact our facility by telephone, mail, fax or e-mail. Detailed written specifications and drawings allow us to recommend the best possible combinations of options for a particular study.

Contact us for warranty information. If refurbishing is required so that a transmitter can be used in a different study, we will provide a conversion estimate after inspecting the transmitter.